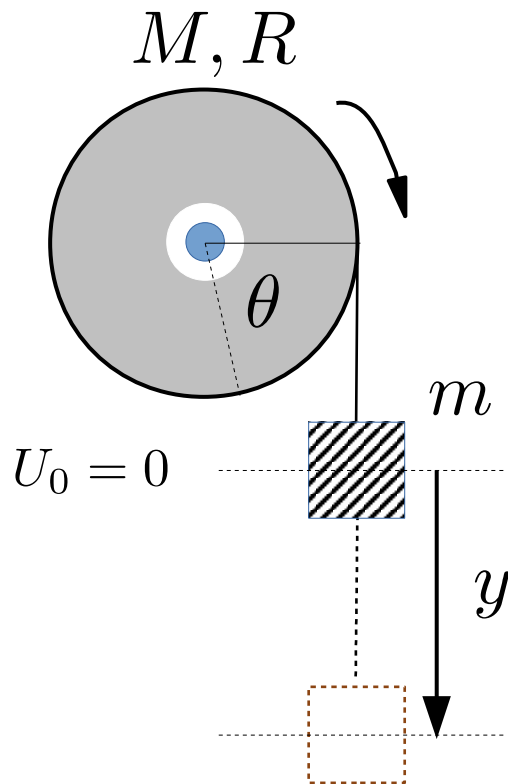


جلسه پانزدهم

مکانیک تحلیلی

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گروه فیزیک، دانشکده علوم پایه
دانشگاه قم
اسفند ۹۸

مکانیک لاگرانژی



$$q_1 = y, \quad \dot{q}_1 = \dot{y}, \quad y = R\theta, \quad \dot{y} = R\dot{\theta}$$

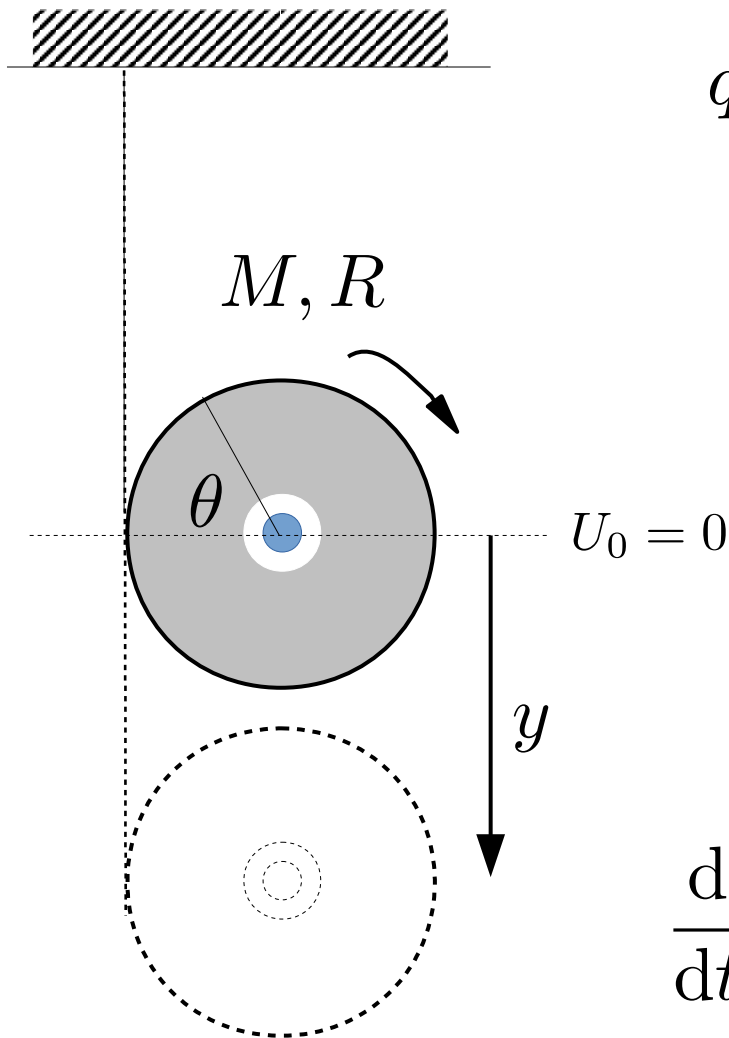
$$T = \frac{1}{2} \mathbb{I} \dot{\theta}^2 + \frac{1}{2} m \dot{y}^2 = \frac{1}{4} M \dot{y}^2 + \frac{1}{2} m \dot{y}^2$$

$$V = -mgy \quad \mathbb{I} = \frac{1}{2} MR^2$$

$$\mathcal{L} = T - V = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} M + m \right) \dot{y}^2 + mgy$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left[\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{y}} \right] = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial y} \Rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{2} M + m \right) \ddot{y} = mg \Rightarrow \ddot{y} = \frac{2m}{M + 2m} g$$

مکانیک لاگرانژی



$$q_1 = y, \quad \dot{q}_1 = \dot{y}, \quad y = R\theta, \quad \dot{y} = R\dot{\theta}$$

$$T = \frac{1}{2} \mathbb{I} \dot{\theta}^2 + \frac{1}{2} M \dot{y}^2 = \frac{3}{4} M \dot{y}^2$$

$$V(y) = -Mgy \quad \mathbb{I} = \frac{1}{2} MR^2$$

$$\mathcal{L} = T - V = \frac{3}{4} M \dot{y}^2 + Mgy$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left[\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{y}} \right] = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial y} \Rightarrow \frac{3}{2} M \ddot{y} = Mg \Rightarrow \ddot{y} = \frac{2}{3} g$$

مکانیک لاگرانژی

$$M : H + y, \quad \dot{y} \quad h + H = l$$

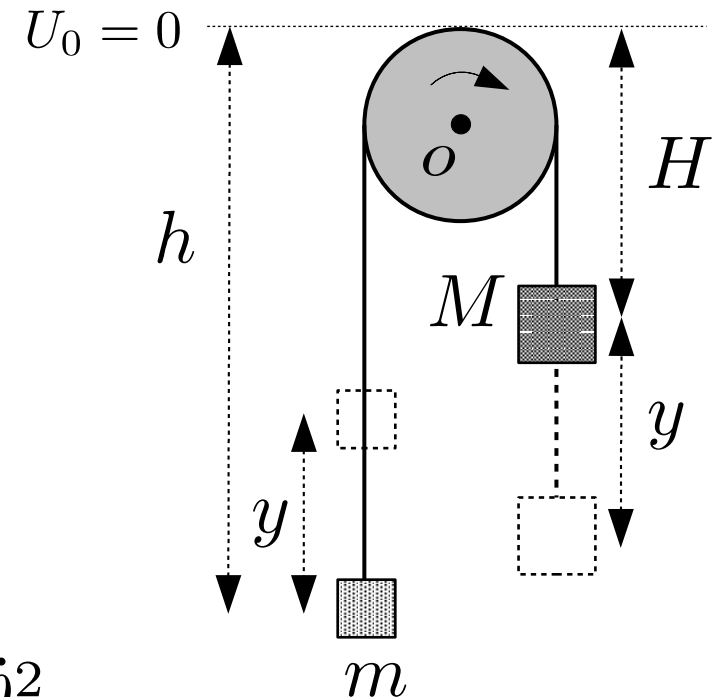
$$m : h - y, \quad -\dot{y}$$

$$q_1 = y, \quad \dot{q}_1 = \dot{y},$$

$$y = R\theta, \quad \dot{y} = R\dot{\theta}$$

$$T = \frac{1}{2}M\dot{y}^2 + \frac{1}{2}m\dot{y}^2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbb{I}_o\dot{\theta}^2$$

$$T = \frac{1}{2}M\dot{y}^2 + \frac{1}{2}m\dot{y}^2 + \frac{1}{2}\frac{\mathbb{I}_o}{R^2}\dot{y}^2 = \frac{1}{2}\left(M + m + \frac{\mathbb{I}_o}{R^2}\right)\dot{y}^2$$



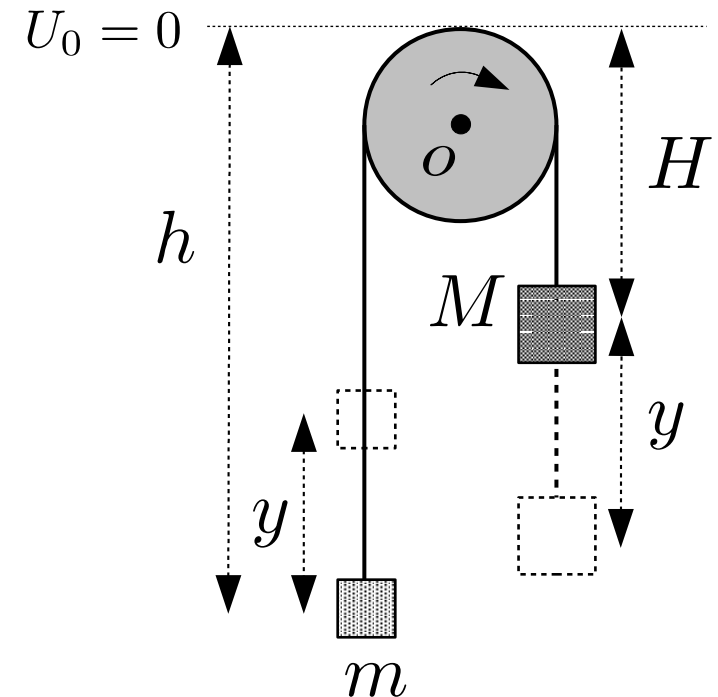
مکانیک لاگرانژی

$$M : H + y, \quad \dot{y} \quad h + H = l$$

$$m : h - y, \quad -\dot{y}$$

$$q_1 = y, \quad \dot{q}_1 = \dot{y},$$

$$T = \frac{1}{2} \left(M + m + \frac{I_o}{R^2} \right) \dot{y}^2$$



$$V = -Mg(H + y) - mg(h - y) = -Mgy + mgy + c$$

$$\mathcal{L} = T - V = \frac{1}{2} \left(M + m + \frac{I_o}{R^2} \right) \dot{y}^2 + Mgy - mgy + c$$

مکانیک لاگرانژی

$$q_1 = y, \quad \dot{q}_1 = \dot{y},$$

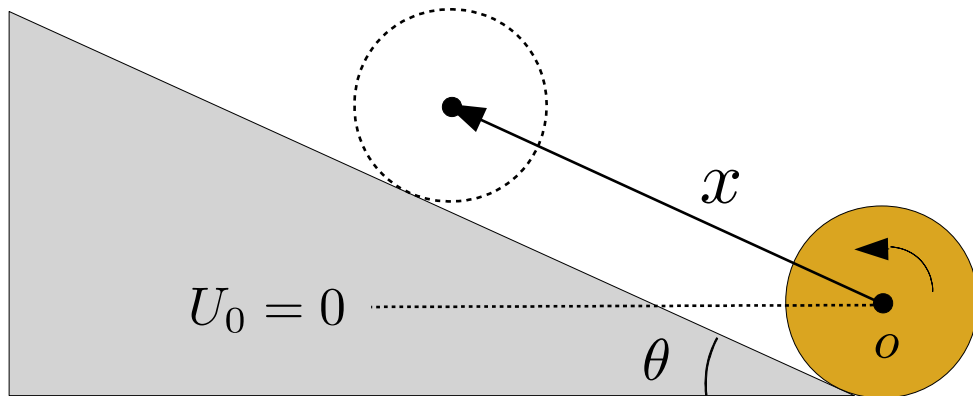
$$\mathcal{L} = T - V = \frac{1}{2} \left(M + m + \frac{\mathbb{I}_o}{R^2} \right) \dot{y}^2 + Mgy - mgy + c$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left[\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{y}} \right] = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial y}$$

$$\left(M + m + \frac{\mathbb{I}_o}{R^2} \right) \ddot{y} = (M - m)g$$

$$\ddot{y} = \frac{(M - m)g}{M + m + \frac{\mathbb{I}_o}{R^2}}$$

مکانیک لاگرانژی



$$M : x, \quad \dot{x}$$

$$q_1 = x, \quad \dot{q}_1 = \dot{x},$$

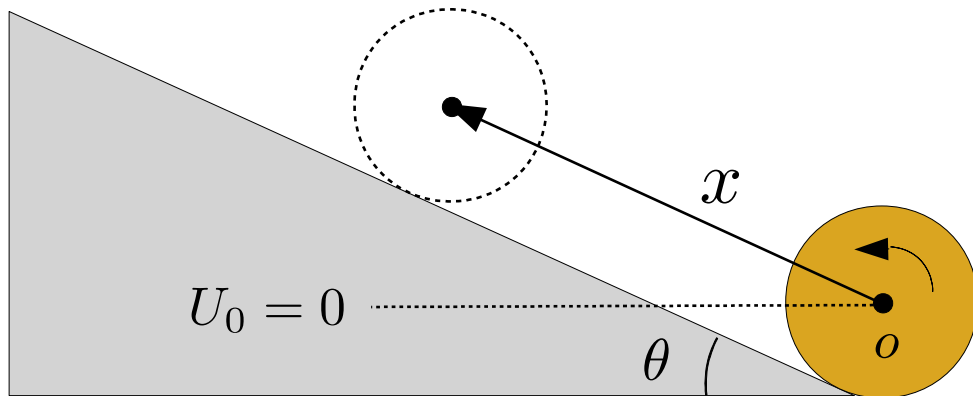
$$x = R\phi, \quad \dot{x} = R\dot{\phi}$$

$$T = \frac{1}{2}M\dot{x}^2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbb{I}_o\dot{\phi}^2 = \frac{1}{2}M\dot{x}^2 + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}MR^2\right)\frac{\dot{x}^2}{R^2} = \frac{3}{2}M\dot{x}^2$$

$$V = Mgx \sin \theta$$

$$\mathcal{L} = T - V = \frac{3}{4}M\dot{x}^2 - Mgx \sin \theta$$

مکانیک لاگرانژی



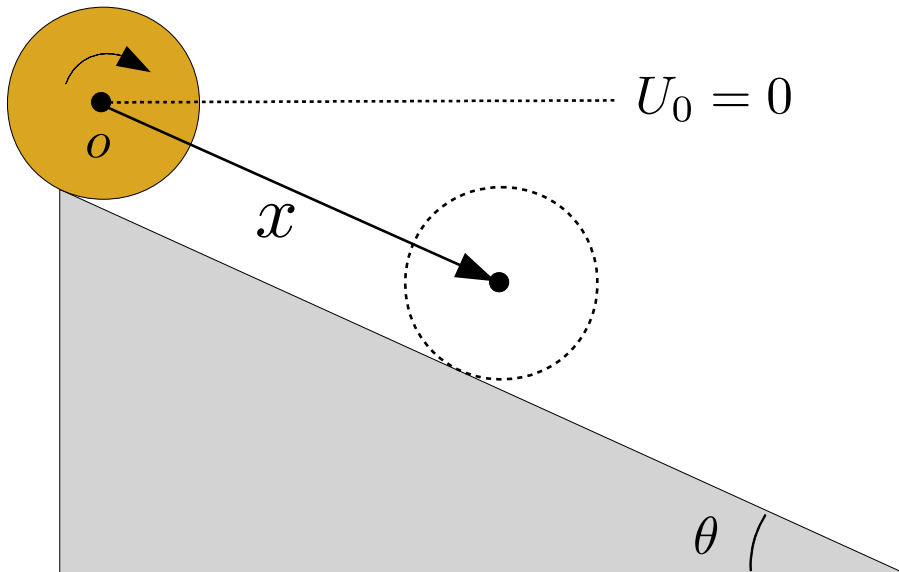
$$q_1 = x, \quad \dot{q}_1 = \dot{x},$$

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{3}{4}M\dot{x}^2 - Mgx \sin \theta$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left[\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{x}} \right] = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial x}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left[\frac{3}{2}M\dot{x} \right] = -Mg \sin \theta \Rightarrow \ddot{x} = -\frac{2}{3}g \sin \theta$$

مکانیک لاگرانژی



$$M : x, \quad \dot{x}$$

$$q_1 = x, \quad \dot{q}_1 = \dot{x},$$

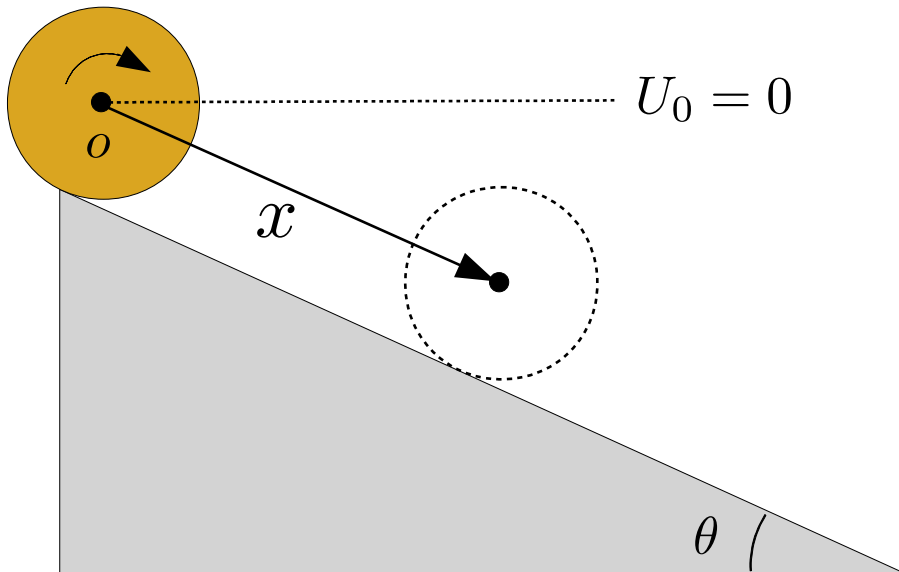
$$x = R\phi, \quad \dot{x} = R\dot{\phi}$$

$$T = \frac{1}{2}M\dot{x}^2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbb{I}_o\dot{\phi}^2 = \frac{1}{2}M\dot{x}^2 + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}MR^2\right)\frac{\dot{x}^2}{R^2} = \frac{3}{2}M\dot{x}^2$$

$$V = -Mgx \sin \theta$$

$$\mathcal{L} = T - V = \frac{3}{2}M\dot{x}^2 + Mgx \sin \theta$$

مکانیک لاگرانژی



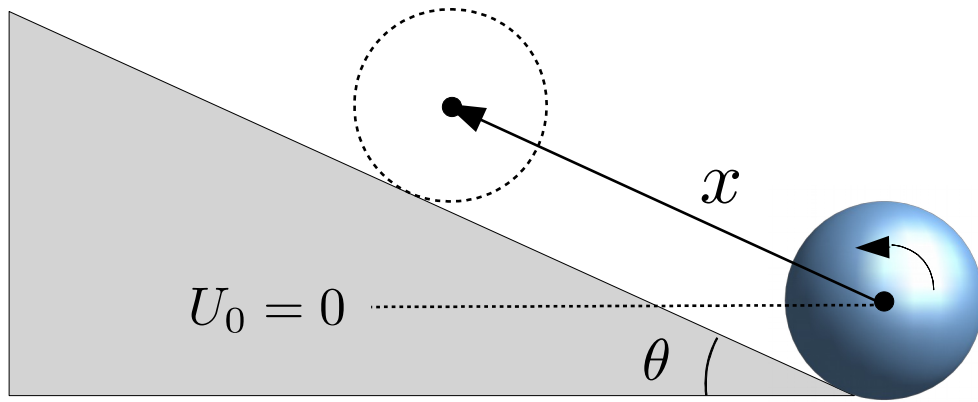
$$q_1 = x, \quad \dot{q}_1 = \dot{x},$$

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{3}{4}M\dot{x}^2 + Mgx \sin \theta$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left[\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{x}} \right] = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial x}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left[\frac{3}{2}M\dot{x} \right] = Mg \sin \theta \Rightarrow \ddot{x} = \frac{2}{3}g \sin \theta$$

مکانیک لاگرانژی



$$M : x, \quad \dot{x}$$

$$q_1 = x, \quad \dot{q}_1 = \dot{x},$$

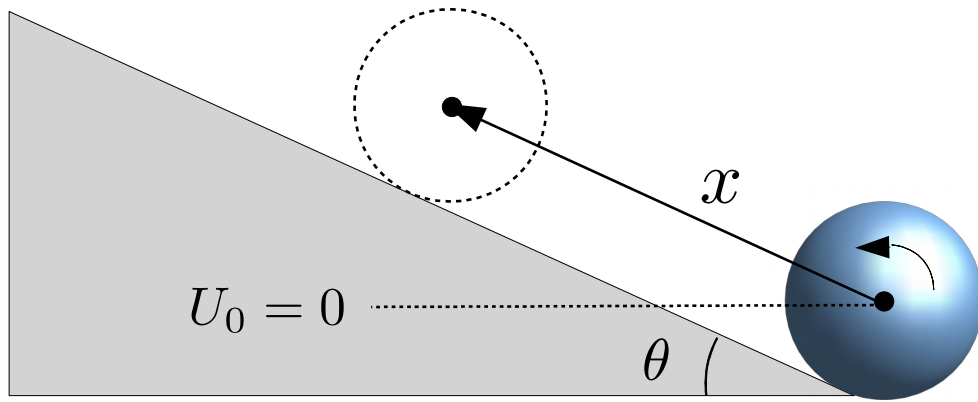
$$x = R\phi, \quad \dot{x} = R\dot{\phi}$$

$$T = \frac{1}{2}M\dot{x}^2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbb{I}_{\text{CM}}\dot{\phi}^2 = \frac{1}{2}M\dot{x}^2 + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{2}{5}MR^2\right)\frac{\dot{x}^2}{R^2} = \frac{7}{10}M\dot{x}^2$$

$$V = Mgx \sin \theta$$

$$\mathcal{L} = T - V = \frac{7}{10}M\dot{x}^2 - Mgx \sin \theta$$

مکانیک لاگرانژی



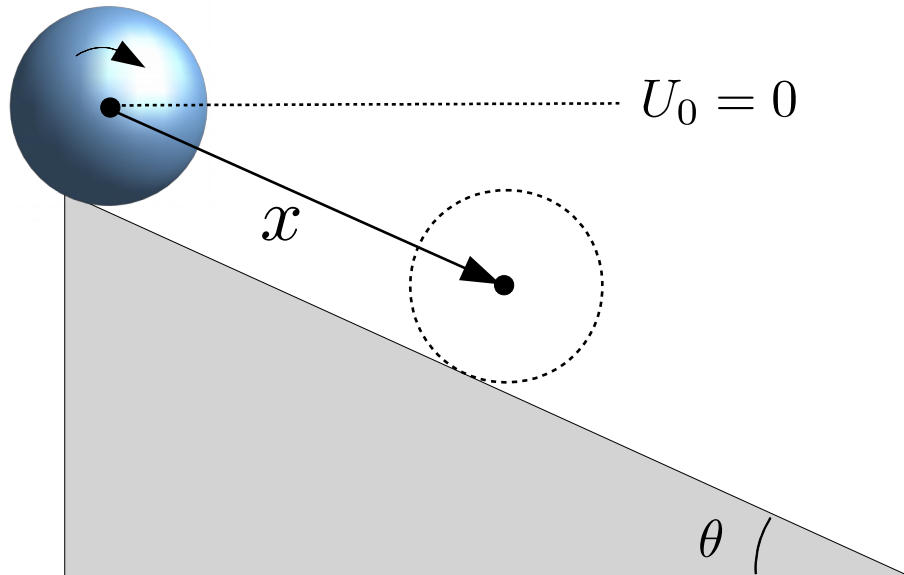
$$q_1 = x, \quad \dot{q}_1 = \dot{x},$$

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{7}{10} M \dot{x}^2 - M g x \sin \theta$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left[\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{x}} \right] = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial x}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left[\frac{7}{5} M \dot{x} \right] = -M g \sin \theta \Rightarrow \ddot{x} = -\frac{5}{7} g \sin \theta$$

مکانیک لاگرانژی



$$M : x, \quad \dot{x}$$

$$q_1 = x, \quad \dot{q}_1 = \dot{x},$$

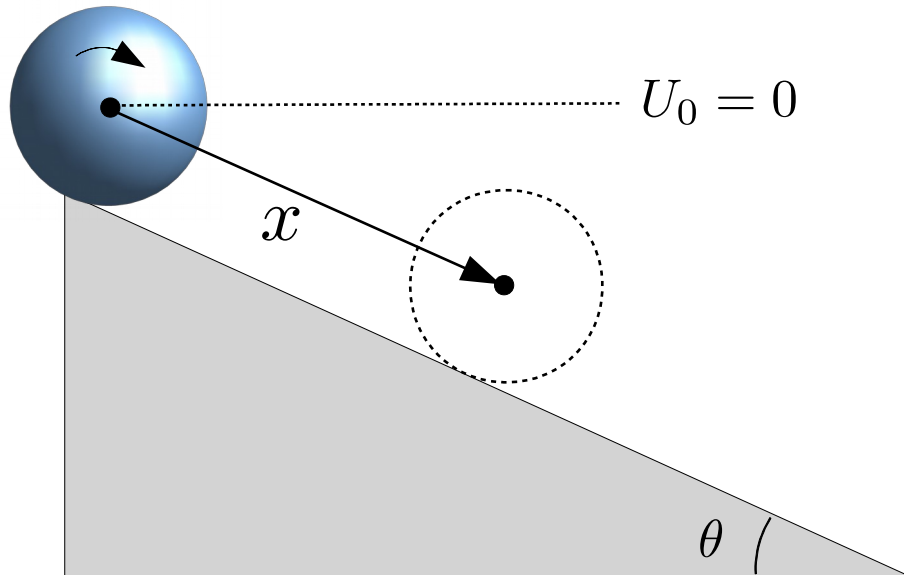
$$x = R\phi, \quad \dot{x} = R\dot{\phi}$$

$$T = \frac{1}{2}M\dot{x}^2 + \frac{1}{2}I_{\text{CM}}\dot{\phi}^2 = \frac{1}{2}M\dot{x}^2 + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{2}{5}MR^2\right)\frac{\dot{x}^2}{R^2} = \frac{7}{10}M\dot{x}^2$$

$$V = -Mgx \sin \theta$$

$$\mathcal{L} = T - V = \frac{7}{10}M\dot{x}^2 + Mgx \sin \theta$$

مکانیک لاگرانژی



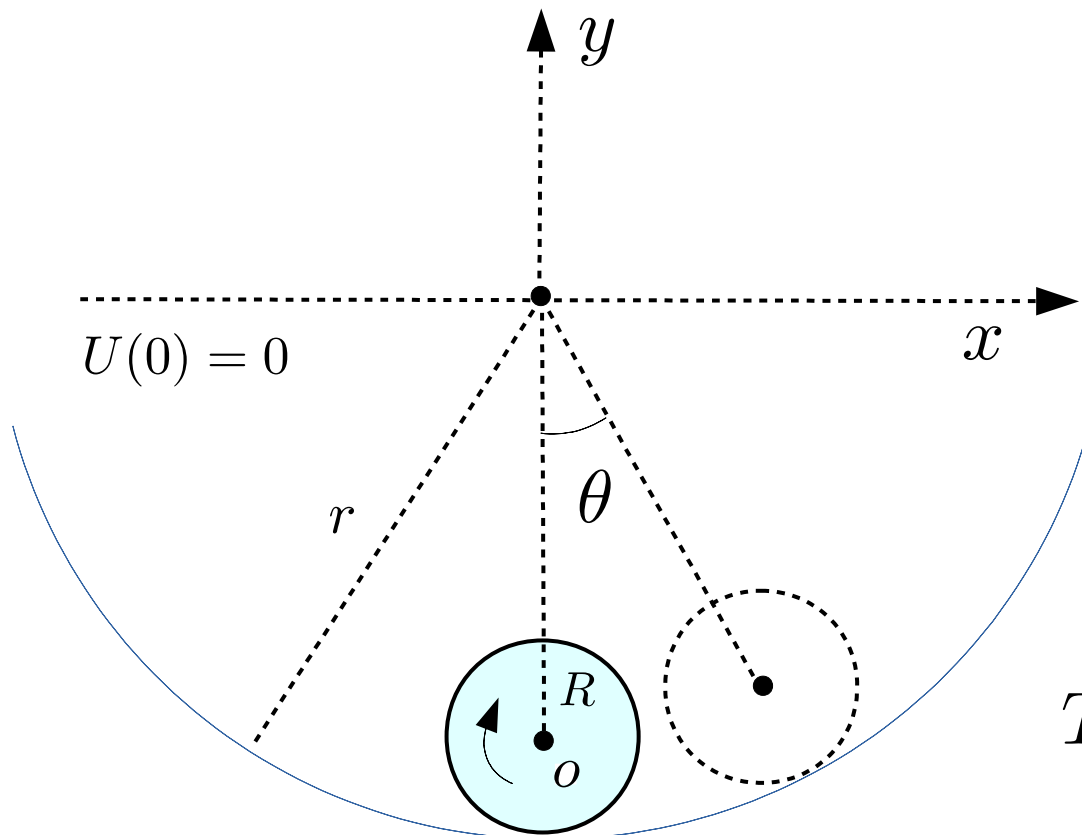
$$q_1 = x, \quad \dot{q}_1 = \dot{x},$$

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{7}{10} M \dot{x}^2 + M g x \sin \theta$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left[\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{x}} \right] = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial x}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left[\frac{7}{5} M \dot{x} \right] = M g \sin \theta \Rightarrow \ddot{x} = \frac{5}{7} g \sin \theta$$

مکانیک لاگرانژی



$$\begin{cases} x = (r - R) \sin \theta \\ y = -(r - R) \cos \theta \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \dot{x} = (r - R) \dot{\theta} \cos \theta \\ \dot{y} = (r - R) \dot{\theta} \sin \theta \end{cases}$$

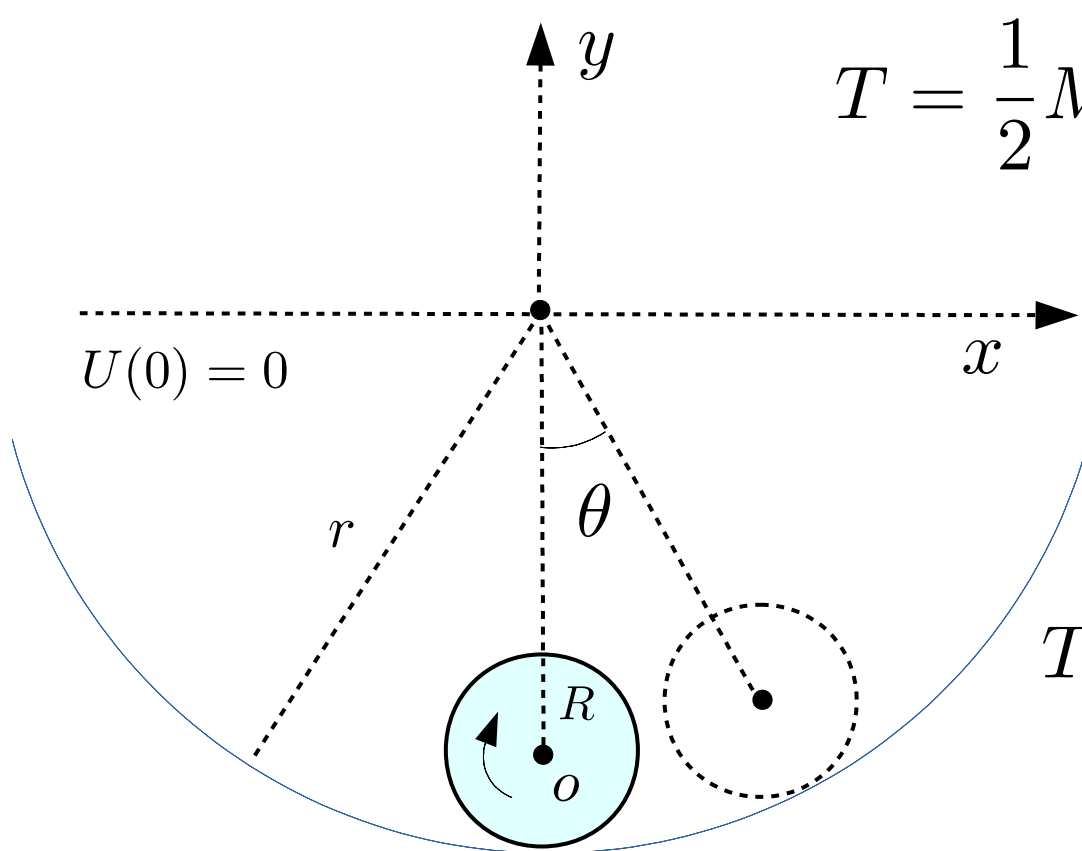
$$T = \frac{1}{2} M (r - R)^2 \dot{\theta}^2 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbb{I}_o \dot{\phi}^2$$

$$(r - R) \theta = R \phi$$

$$(r - R) \dot{\theta} = R \dot{\phi}$$

$$T = \frac{1}{2} M (r - R)^2 \dot{\theta}^2 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbb{I}_o \frac{(r - R)^2}{R^2} \dot{\theta}^2$$

مکانیک لاگرانژی



$$T = \frac{1}{2}M(r - R)^2\dot{\theta}^2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbb{I}_o \frac{(r - R)^2}{R^2}\dot{\theta}^2$$

$$T = \frac{1}{2}M(r - R)^2\dot{\theta}^2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2}M(r - R)^2 \frac{\mathbb{I}_o}{MR^2}\dot{\theta}^2$$

$$T = \frac{1}{2}M(r - R)^2 \left[1 + \frac{\mathbb{I}_o}{MR^2} \right] \dot{\theta}^2$$

$$V = -Mg(r - R) \cos \theta$$

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{2}M(r - R)^2 \left[1 + \frac{\mathbb{I}_o}{MR^2} \right] \dot{\theta}^2 + Mg(r - R) \cos \theta$$

مکانیک لاگرانژی

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{2}M(r - R)^2 \left[1 + \frac{\mathbb{I}_o}{MR^2} \right] \dot{\theta}^2 + Mg(r - R) \cos \theta$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left[\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{\theta}} \right] = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \theta}$$

$$M(r - R)^2 \left[1 + \frac{\mathbb{I}_o}{MR^2} \right] \ddot{\theta} = -Mg(r - R) \sin \theta$$

$$\ddot{\theta} + \frac{g}{r - R} \left[\frac{MR^2}{MR^2 + \mathbb{I}_o} \right] \sin \theta = 0$$



مکانیک لاگرانژی

$$\ddot{\theta} + \frac{g}{r - R} \left[\frac{MR^2}{MR^2 + \mathbb{I}_o} \right] \sin \theta = 0$$

$\sin \theta \approx \theta$


$$\ddot{\theta} + \frac{g}{r - R} \left[\frac{MR^2}{MR^2 + \mathbb{I}_o} \right] \theta = 0$$

$$\omega_0 = \sqrt{\frac{MR^2}{\mathbb{I}_{CM} + MR^2} \frac{g}{r - R}}$$

$$\ddot{\theta} = -\frac{g}{r - R} \left[\frac{MR^2}{MR^2 + \mathbb{I}_o} \right] \sin \theta \Rightarrow \frac{d\dot{\theta}}{dt} = -\frac{g}{r - R} \left[\frac{MR^2}{MR^2 + \mathbb{I}_o} \right] \sin \theta$$

مکانیک لاگرانژی

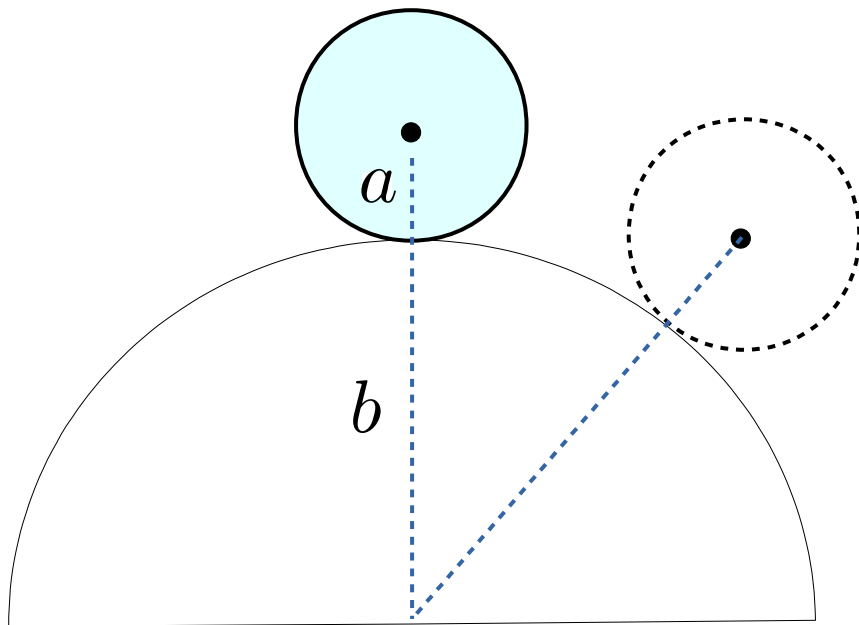
$$\frac{d\dot{\theta}}{dt} = -\frac{g}{r-R} \left[\frac{MR^2}{MR^2 + \mathbb{I}_o} \right] \sin \theta \Rightarrow \frac{d\dot{\theta}}{d\theta} \frac{d\theta}{dt} = -\frac{g}{r-R} \left[\frac{MR^2}{MR^2 + \mathbb{I}_o} \right] \sin \theta$$

$$\dot{\theta} \frac{d\dot{\theta}}{d\theta} = -\frac{g}{r-R} \left[\frac{MR^2}{MR^2 + \mathbb{I}_o} \right] \sin \theta$$

$$\int_0^{\dot{\theta}} \dot{\theta} d\dot{\theta} = -\frac{g}{r-R} \left[\frac{MR^2}{MR^2 + \mathbb{I}_o} \right] \int_{\alpha}^{\theta} \sin \theta d\theta$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \dot{\theta}^2 = \frac{g}{r-R} \left[\frac{MR^2}{MR^2 + \mathbb{I}_o} \right] (\cos \theta - \cos \alpha)$$

مکانیک لاگرانژی



$$\begin{cases} x = (a + b) \sin \theta \\ y = (a + b) \cos \theta \end{cases},$$

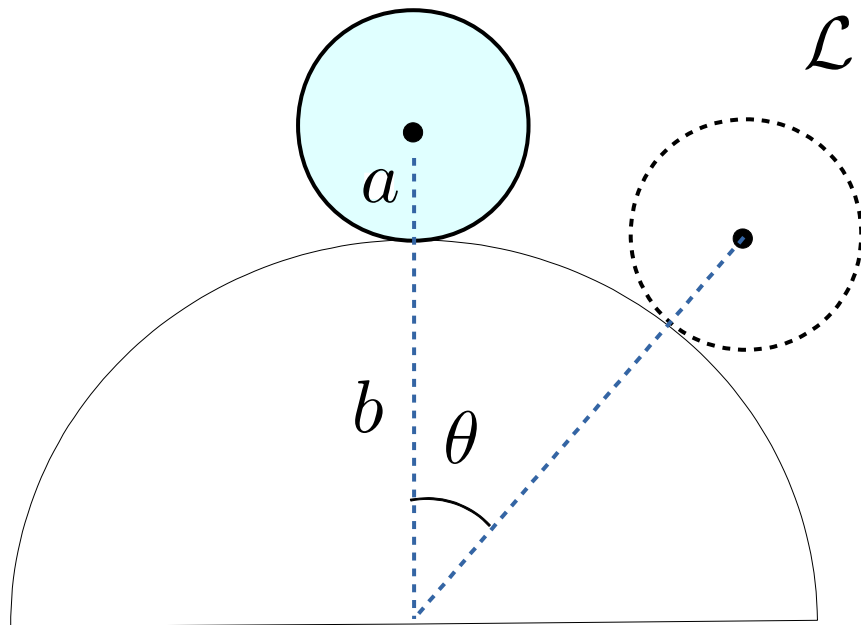
$$\begin{cases} \dot{x} = (a + b) \dot{\theta} \cos \theta \\ \dot{y} = -(a + b) \dot{\theta} \sin \theta \end{cases}$$

$$T = \frac{1}{2} M (a + b)^2 \dot{\theta}^2 + \frac{1}{2} I_o \dot{\phi}^2$$

$$(a + b)\theta = a\phi \quad T = \frac{1}{2} M (a + b)^2 \dot{\theta}^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} M a^2 \right) \frac{(a + b)^2}{a^2} \dot{\theta}^2$$

$$(a + b)\dot{\theta} = a\dot{\phi} \quad T = \frac{3}{4} M (a + b)^2 \dot{\theta}^2, \quad V = M g (a + b) \cos \theta$$

مکانیک لاگرانژی



$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{3}{4}M(a+b)^2\dot{\theta}^2 - Mg(a+b)\cos\theta$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left[\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{\theta}} \right] = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \theta}$$

$$\frac{3}{2}M(a+b)^2\ddot{\theta} = Mg(a+b)\sin\theta$$

$$\ddot{\theta} = \frac{2g}{3(a+b)}\sin\theta$$

$$(a+b)\theta = a\phi$$

$$(a+b)\dot{\theta} = a\dot{\phi}$$



مکانیک لاگرانژی

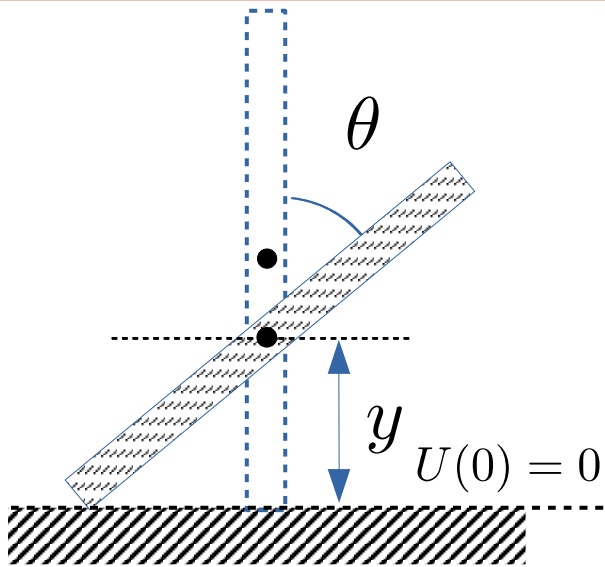
$$\ddot{\theta} = \frac{2g}{3(a+b)} \sin \theta \Rightarrow \frac{d\dot{\theta}}{dt} = \frac{2g}{3(a+b)} \sin \theta \Rightarrow \frac{d\dot{\theta}}{d\theta} \frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{2g}{3(a+b)} \sin \theta$$

$$\int_0^{\dot{\theta}} \dot{\theta} d\dot{\theta} = \frac{2g}{3(a+b)} \int_0^{\theta} \sin \theta d\theta$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \dot{\theta}^2 = \frac{2g}{3(a+b)} (1 - \cos \theta)$$

$$\dot{\theta}^2 = \frac{4g}{3(a+b)} (1 - \cos \theta)$$

مکانیک لاگرانژی



$$y = \frac{L}{2} \cos \theta, \quad \dot{y} = -\frac{L}{2} \dot{\theta} \sin \theta$$

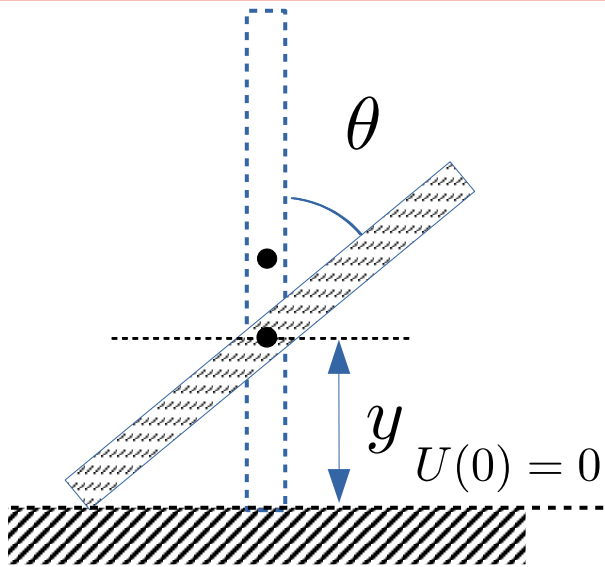
$$T = \frac{1}{2} M \dot{y}^2 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbb{I}_{\text{CM}} \dot{\theta}^2$$

$$T = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{4} M L^2 \right) \dot{\theta}^2 \sin^2 \theta + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{12} M L^2 \right) \dot{\theta}^2$$

$$T = \frac{1}{24} M L^2 (1 + 3 \sin^2 \theta) \dot{\theta}^2, \quad V = M g \frac{L}{2} \cos \theta$$

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{24} M L^2 (1 + 3 \sin^2 \theta) \dot{\theta}^2 - M g \frac{L}{2} \cos \theta$$

مکانیک لاگرانژی



$$y = \frac{L}{2} \cos \theta, \quad \dot{y} = -\frac{L}{2} \dot{\theta} \sin \theta$$

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{24} M L^2 (1 + 3 \sin^2 \theta) \dot{\theta}^2 - M g \frac{L}{2} \cos \theta$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left[\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{\theta}} \right] = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \theta}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left[\frac{1}{12} M L^2 (1 + 3 \sin^2 \theta) \dot{\theta} \right] = \frac{1}{4} M L^2 \dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta + M g \frac{L}{2} \sin \theta$$

$$\frac{1}{12} M L^2 (1 + 3 \sin^2 \theta) \ddot{\theta} + \frac{1}{2} M L^2 \dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta = \frac{1}{4} M L^2 \dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta + M g \frac{L}{2} \sin \theta$$

مکانیک لاگرانژی

$$\frac{1}{12}ML^2(1 + 3\sin^2\theta)\ddot{\theta} + \frac{1}{2}ML^2\dot{\theta}^2\sin\theta\cos\theta = \frac{1}{4}ML^2\dot{\theta}^2\sin\theta\cos\theta + Mg\frac{L}{2}\sin\theta$$

$$\frac{1}{12}ML^2(1 + 3\sin^2\theta)\ddot{\theta} + \frac{1}{4}ML^2\dot{\theta}^2\sin\theta\cos\theta = Mg\frac{L}{2}\sin\theta$$

$$\div \frac{1}{12}ML^2 \rightarrow (1 + 3\sin^2\theta)\ddot{\theta} + 3\dot{\theta}^2\sin\theta\cos\theta = 6\frac{g}{L}\sin\theta$$



مکانیک لاگرانژی

$$(1 + 3 \sin^2 \theta) \ddot{\theta} + 3 \dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta = 6 \frac{g}{L} \sin \theta$$

$$(1 + 3 \sin^2 \theta) \ddot{\theta} + 3 \dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta = 6 \frac{g}{L} \sin \theta$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left[\frac{1}{2} (1 + 3 \sin^2 \theta) \dot{\theta}^2 \right] = \dot{\theta} \left[(1 + 3 \sin^2 \theta) \ddot{\theta} + 3 \dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \right]$$

$$\frac{d\theta}{dt} \frac{d}{d\theta} \left[\frac{1}{2} (1 + 3 \sin^2 \theta) \dot{\theta}^2 \right] = \dot{\theta} \left[(1 + 3 \sin^2 \theta) \ddot{\theta} + 3 \dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \right]$$

$$\cancel{\dot{\theta}} \frac{d}{d\theta} \left[\frac{1}{2} (1 + 3 \sin^2 \theta) \dot{\theta}^2 \right] = \cancel{\dot{\theta}} \left[(1 + 3 \sin^2 \theta) \ddot{\theta} + 3 \dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \right]$$

$$\frac{d}{d\theta} \left[\frac{1}{2} (1 + 3 \sin^2 \theta) \dot{\theta}^2 \right] = 6 \frac{g}{L} \sin \theta$$

مکانیک لاگرانژی

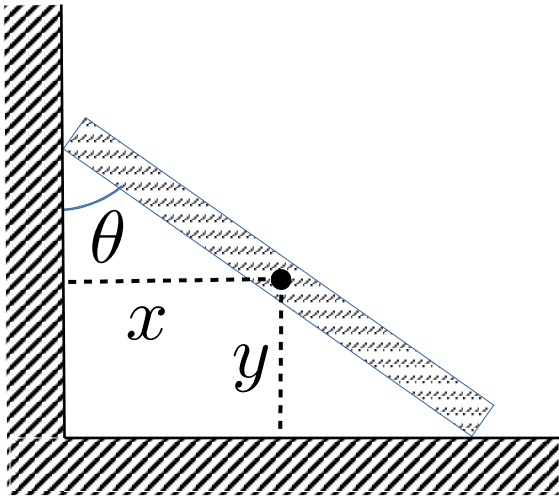
$$\frac{d}{d\theta} \left[\frac{1}{2} (1 + 3 \sin^2 \theta) \dot{\theta}^2 \right] = 6 \frac{g}{L} \sin \theta$$

$$\int_{(0,0)}^{(\theta,\dot{\theta})} d \left[\frac{1}{2} (1 + 3 \sin^2 \theta) \dot{\theta}^2 \right] = 6 \frac{g}{L} \int_0^\theta \sin \theta d\theta$$

$$(1 + 3 \sin^2 \theta) \dot{\theta}^2 = 12 \frac{g}{L} (1 - \cos \theta) \Rightarrow \dot{\theta} = \sqrt{12 \frac{g}{L} \frac{1 - \cos \theta}{1 + 3 \sin^2 \theta}}$$

$$\dot{y} = -\frac{L}{2} \dot{\theta} \sin \theta = -\sqrt{3gL \frac{(1 - \cos \theta) \sin^2 \theta}{1 + 3 \sin^2 \theta}} = -\sqrt{\frac{3g(L - 2y) \sin^2 \theta}{1 + 3 \sin^2 \theta}}$$

مکانیک لاگرانژی



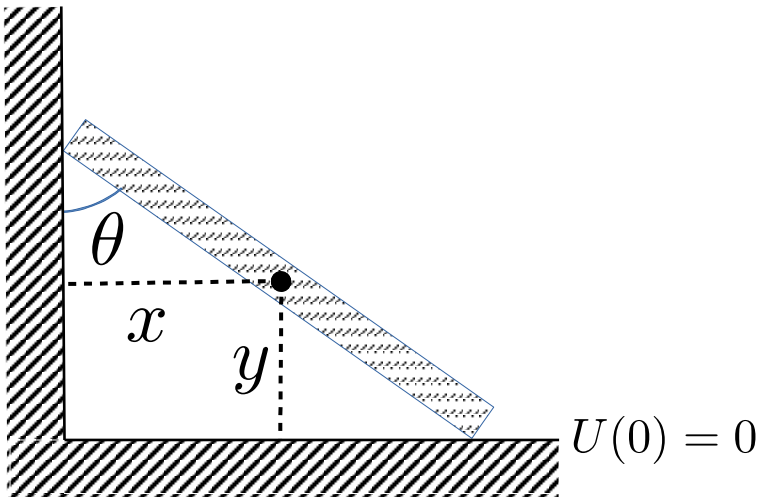
$$\begin{cases} x = \frac{L}{2} \sin \theta \\ y = \frac{L}{2} \cos \theta \end{cases}, \quad \begin{cases} \dot{x} = \dot{\theta} \frac{L}{2} \cos \theta \\ \dot{y} = -\dot{\theta} \frac{L}{2} \sin \theta \end{cases}$$

$$U(0) = 0 \quad T = \frac{1}{2} M (\dot{x}^2 + \dot{y}^2) + \frac{1}{2} I_{\text{CM}} \dot{\theta}^2$$

$$T = \frac{1}{2} M \frac{L^2}{4} \dot{\theta}^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{12} M L^2 \right) \dot{\theta}^2 = \frac{1}{6} M L^2 \dot{\theta}^2, \quad V = M g \frac{L}{2} \cos \theta$$

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{6} M L^2 \dot{\theta}^2 - M g \frac{L}{2} \cos \theta$$

مکانیک لاگرانژی



$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{6} M L^2 \dot{\theta}^2 - M g \frac{L}{2} \cos \theta$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left[\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{\theta}} \right] = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \theta}$$

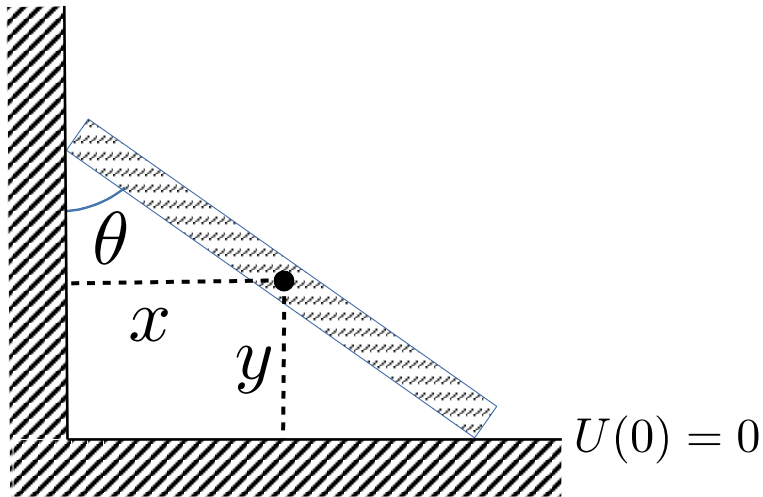
$$\ddot{\theta} = \frac{3g}{2L} \sin \theta$$



$$\ddot{\theta} = \frac{3g}{2L} \sin \theta \Rightarrow \frac{d\dot{\theta}}{dt} = \frac{3g}{2L} \sin \theta \Rightarrow \frac{d\dot{\theta}}{d\theta} \frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{3g}{2L} \sin \theta$$

$$\dot{\theta} \frac{d\dot{\theta}}{d\theta} = \frac{3g}{2L} \sin \theta \Rightarrow \dot{\theta} d\dot{\theta} = \frac{3g}{2L} \sin \theta d\theta$$

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$$\dot{\theta} d\theta = \frac{3g}{2L} \sin \theta d\theta$$

$$\int_0^{\dot{\theta}} \dot{\theta} d\theta = \frac{3g}{2L} \int_{\alpha}^{\theta} \sin \theta d\theta$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \dot{\theta}^2 = \frac{3g}{2L} (\cos \alpha - \cos \theta)$$

$$\dot{\theta}^2 = \frac{3g}{L} (\cos \alpha - \cos \theta)$$